



Making Dream Surfaces Attainable

Natural Stone Slate Tile Installation Manual

The following procedure for the installation of Natural Stone Slate Tile (Gauged Back) for Flooring

It may be used over any wood and cement floor that is structurally sound and dry. In new home construction where plywood is used as a sub floor, it is suggested that an underlayment or backer board needs to be attached to the sub floor to insure rigidity where slate floors will be installed.

Setting



1. Clean area where slate is to be installed. In the case of smooth painted or varnished floors, it is necessary to sand with very coarse sand paper to assure a good mastic bond.



2. Lay out the slate to understand pattern choices. For multi color slates, blend tile randomly to give proper blend of colors as slate color vary from tile to tile.



3. Using a notched 1/4" x 1/4" trowel, hold at a 45 degree angle to be sure a full ridge is made with the notches. Spread thinset on floor starting at a far corner so you can back out of the room as you proceed. Spread just enough area so you can reach over it to place the slate.

Natural cleft slates have a thickness variation. Spread a good amount of thinset on the floor to make up for any thickness variation. Adding or taking away thinset will ensure that all the tiles are evenly set.



4. Maintain a grout space between the pieces as recommended by the slate supplier (1/4" or 3/8") depending on the sizes of the tiles. To do these accurately, use spacers. Slate may also be laid without joints, in which case edges are then butted against one another, only if the Material is honed or polished, however we recommend 1/16" - 1/8" grout joint.

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5. Each piece of slate should be firmly pressed into the adhesive to secure a good bond.

6. After all slate is set in place - allow at least 24-36 hours depending on weather conditions, for drying before grouting joints.



7. Slate tile can be easily cut with wet saw using diamond blade.

Grouting and Cleaning



1. Have all equipment and material clean. Clean all joints and surface of slate. Applying clear sealer or enhancer is recommended on slate before grouting, so that the grout color does not penetrate the slate tiles. Use clear sealer or enhancer as a grout release to insure a clean surface. Using Clear Sealer or Enhancer is a personal choice.

2. Add water slowly while mixing to get the texture of damp sand mix grout according to the manufacturers specs, and apply with grout float to press grout deeply between the joints. Mix enough grout to be used in about 30 minutes or difficulty will result in hardening in the pail.



3. Apply mix to joints with a grout float making certain joint is completely filled with mix.

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4. Trowel or wipe off surplus grout from slate with a damp sponge. Rinse several times with clean water, changing the water as often as necessary so it remains clear. It is very important to do this as you go along.



5. After grout has set hard to the touch, clean surface of slate and along grout line by rubbing briskly with a clean piece of cloth.

6. Let joints harden for three days.

7. Wash floor completely again by freely applying fresh clean water with sponge on the entire floor and sponging dry.

Finishing

Applying clear sealer or enhancer is recommended after installation to seal the slate tiles and the grout lines using the same sealer used as a grout release prior to grouting, wipe all excess sealer so there is no fogging.

Use the same sealer used as grout release prior to grouting, to seal the floor, apply the 2nd coat on the tiles and grout, wipe of all excess sealer so there is no fogging.

Sealing slate is necessary, it is a matter of choice, whether you choose to retain the natural beauty of the slate or apply a chemical sealer that is available in a shiny or matte finish. Sealers may be purchased at retail stone dealers.

Helpful Hints: *Do not apply a sealer over wet, waxed or oiled slate.*



1. Apply slate sealer with a large clean cloth or with paint pad. Apply in a thin coat.

Sealer or enhancer will dry to the touch within two hours, however it is advisable to stay off the floor for 24 hours.